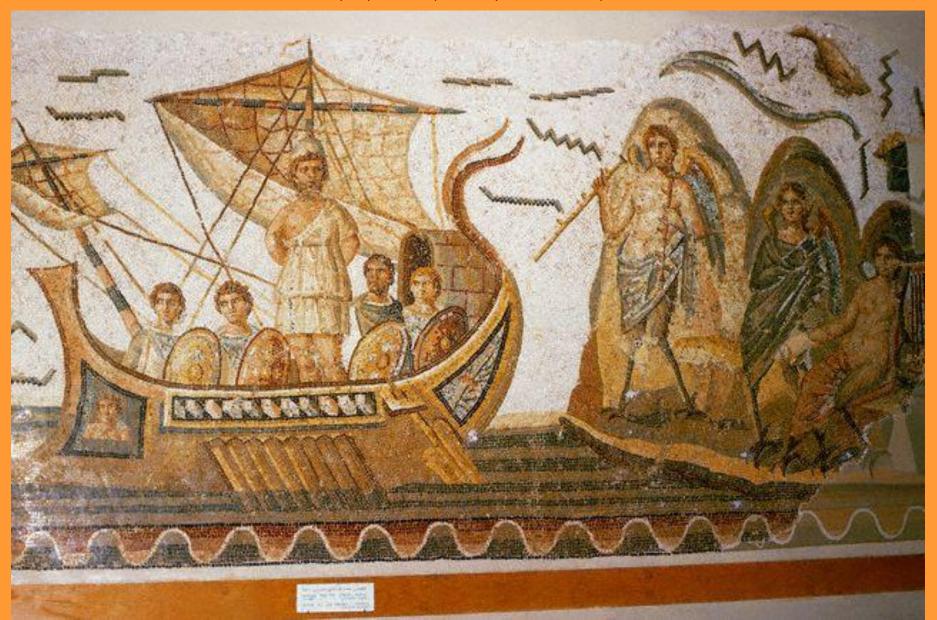
EPISODES OF NOSTALGIA: THE WARRIORS RETURN HOME



"NOSTALGIA" =

Nostos ("Return Journey")

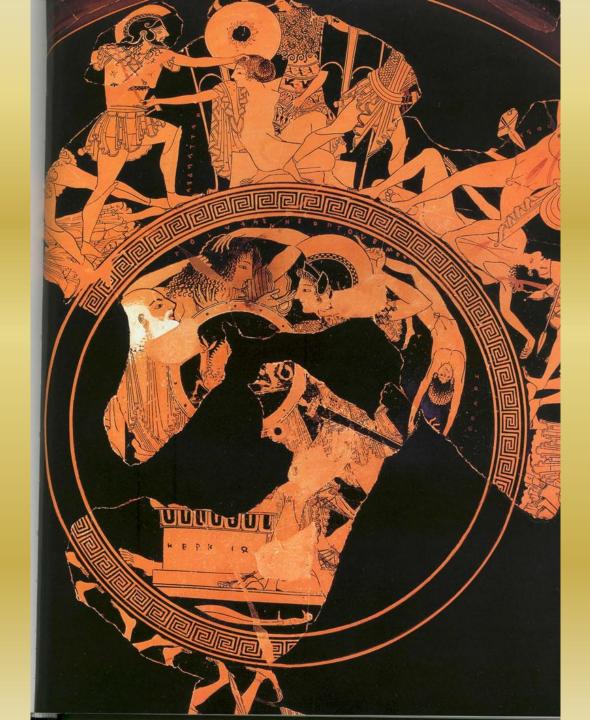
+

Algos ("Pain")



The Brutus Stone,
Totnes

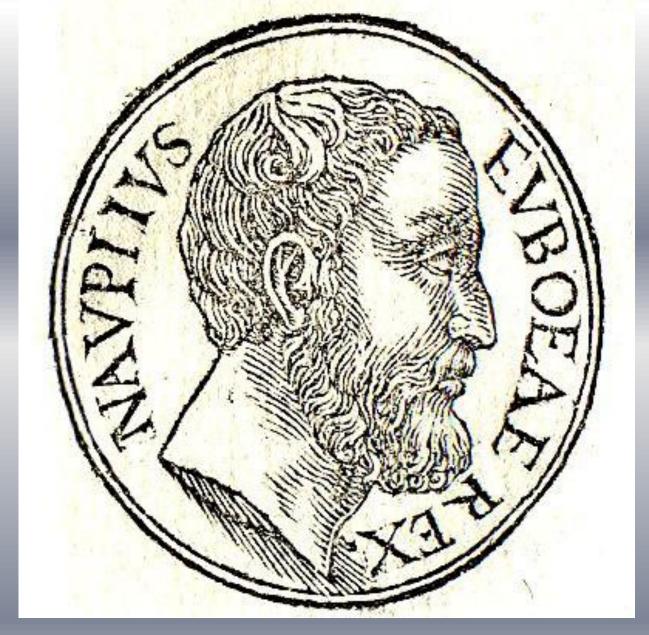
-Erika Meriaux



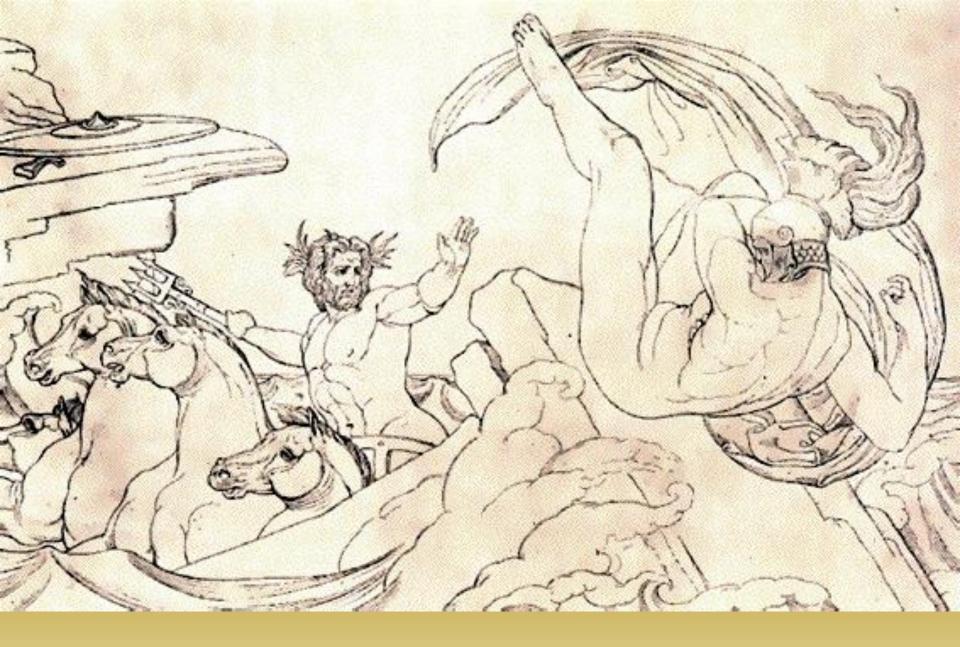
A Classicalera depiction
of the
Ilioupersis –
the Fall of
Troy



The Lesser Ajax attacks Cassandra at the Fall of Troy



Nauplius exacted revenge for his son Palamedes' death by lighting a false beacon on the island of Euboea



Poseidon casts the Lesser Ajax back into the ocean

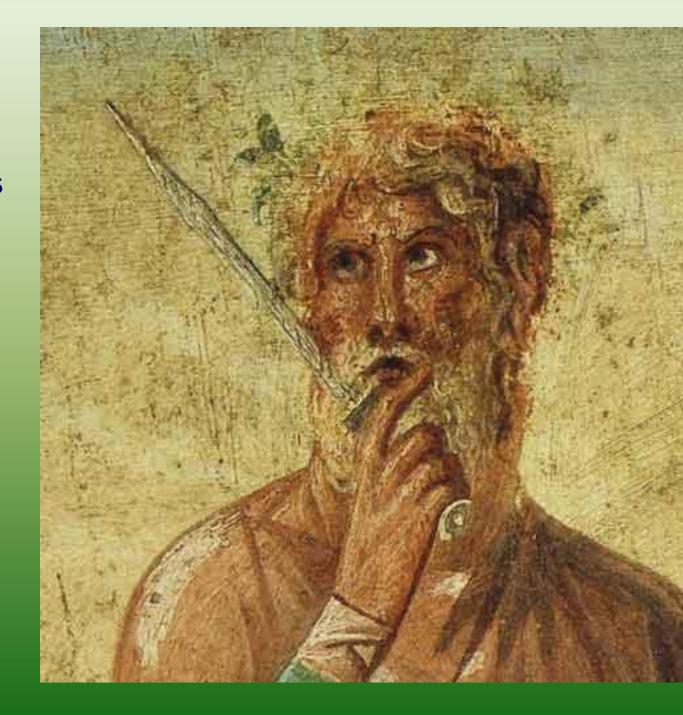
ALTERNATIVE TRADITIONS ASSOCIATED WITH THE RETURN OF NEOPTOLEMUS

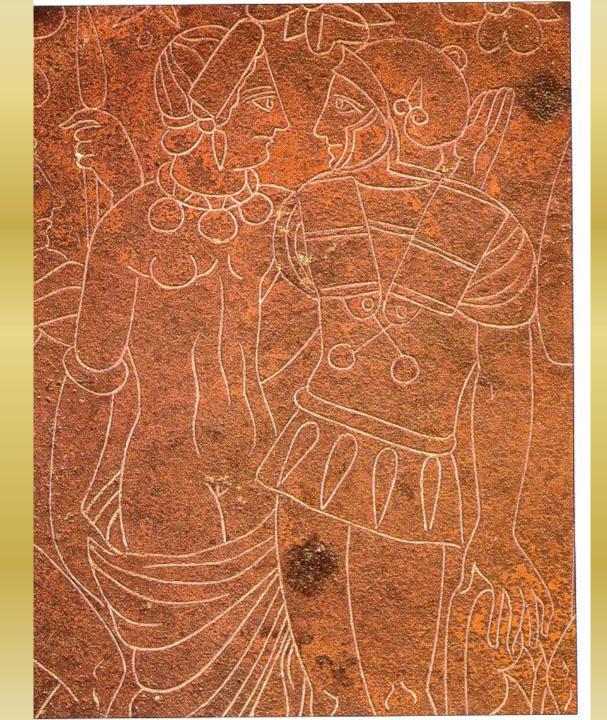
- 1) Neoptolemus went back to Greece on feet with Phoenix and Helenus to Epirus, subdued the locals, and fathered Molossus with Andromache.
- 2) Neoptolemus sailed across to Thessaly and took Helenus' advice to settle where he found a house with iron foundations, wooden walls and a woolen roof.
- 3) Neoptolemus reasserted control over the kingdom of his grandfather Peleus, who had been expelled from Phthia during the siege of Troy.



The death of Neoptolemus at Delphi: Apollo and Orestes are also pictured

The seer **Calchas lost his** "battle of the prophets" with Mopsos and died of shame as a result





Menelaus unites with

Helen at the end of

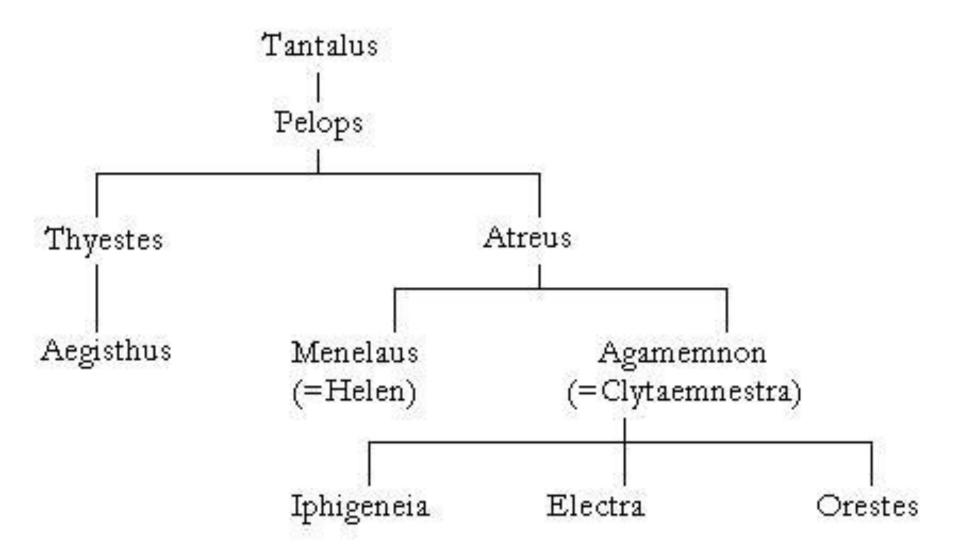
the Trojan War

Menelaus wrestles with the shapeshifting Proteus in **Egypt to gain** knowledge about how to secure his homecoming



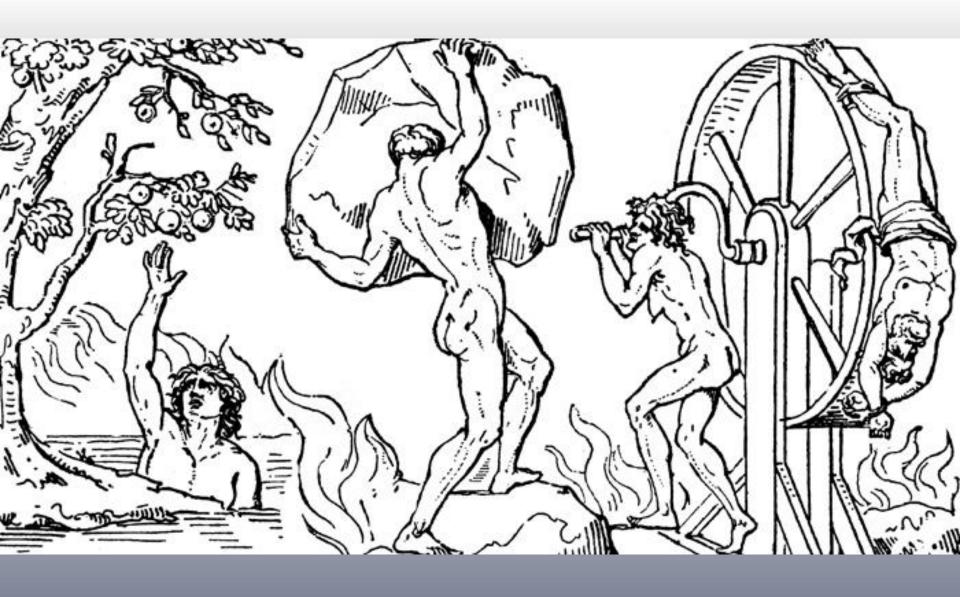
B. XV. 162. 238.

Family Tree (Simplified)





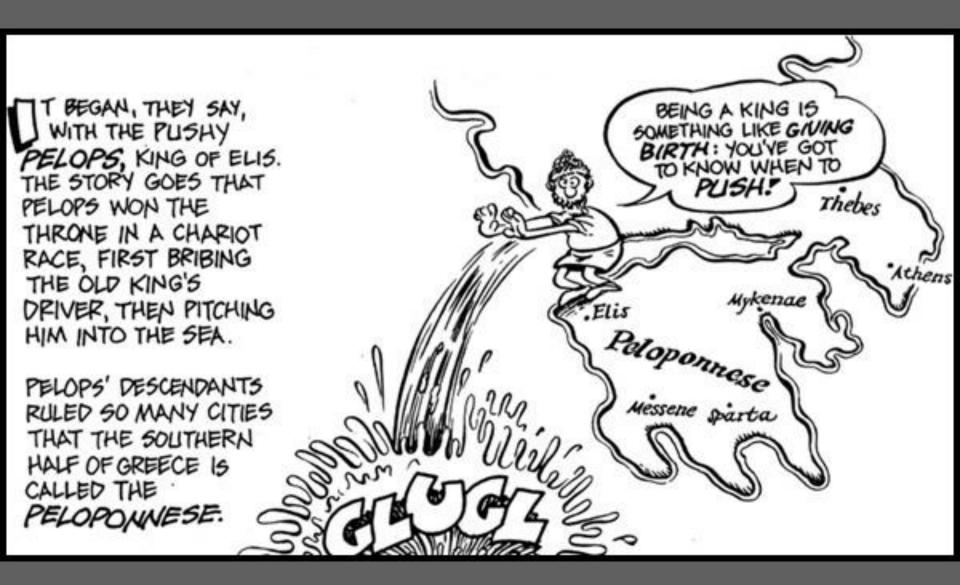
The Olympians observe a somewhat incomplete Pelops



Tantalus amongst his friends in Tartarus



Pelops and the princess
Hippodamia



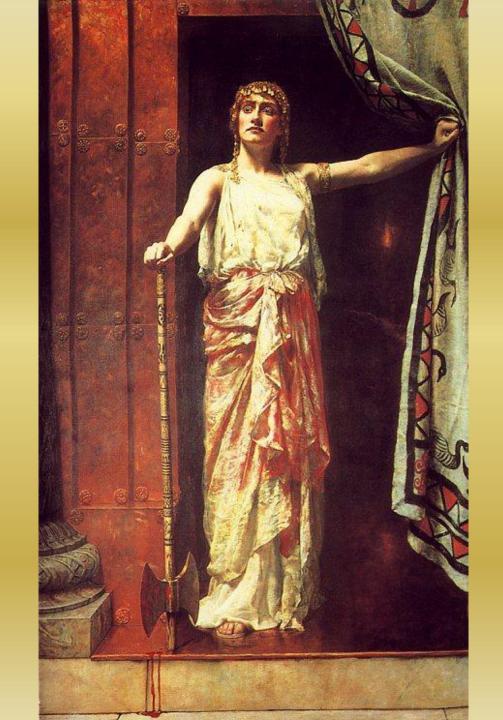
IN REVENGE, ATREUS HAD SOME OF THYESTES' CHILDREN COOKED UP...

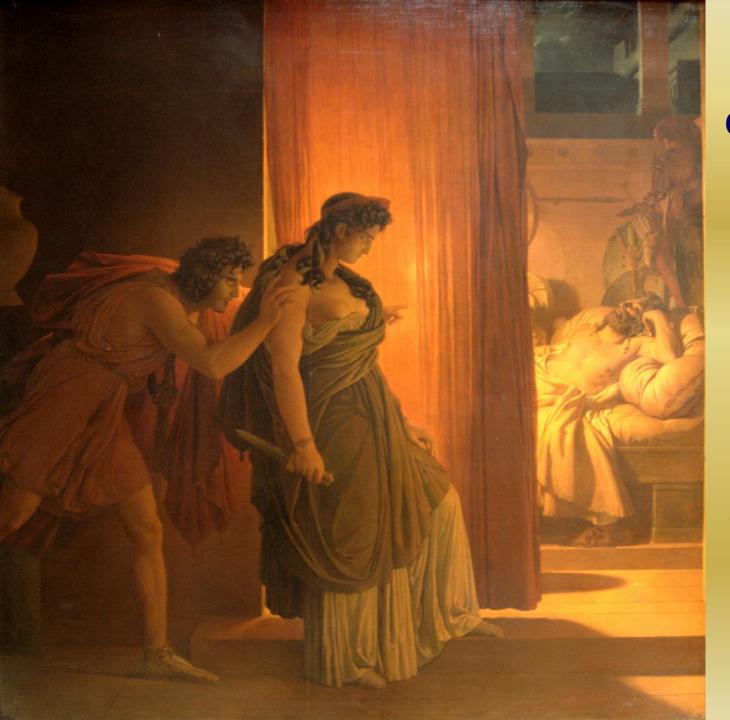


John Collier,

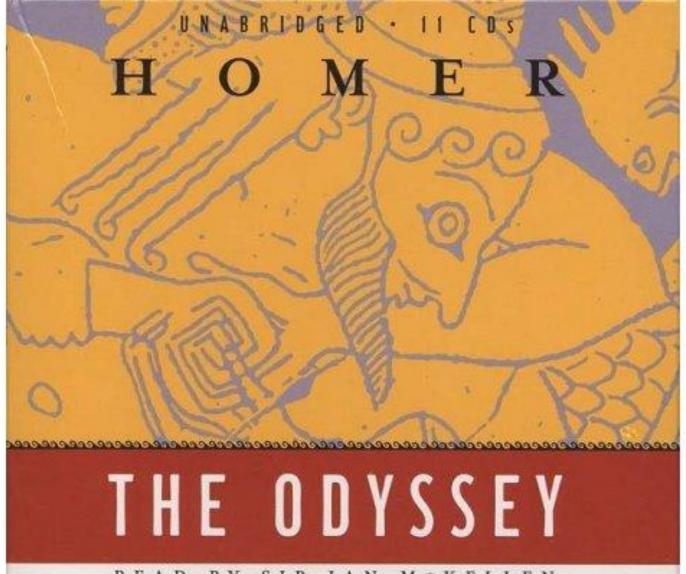
"Clytemnestra"

(ca. 1900)





Clytemnestra and **Aegisthus** conspire to kill **Agamemnon**



READ BY SIR IAN MCKELLEN

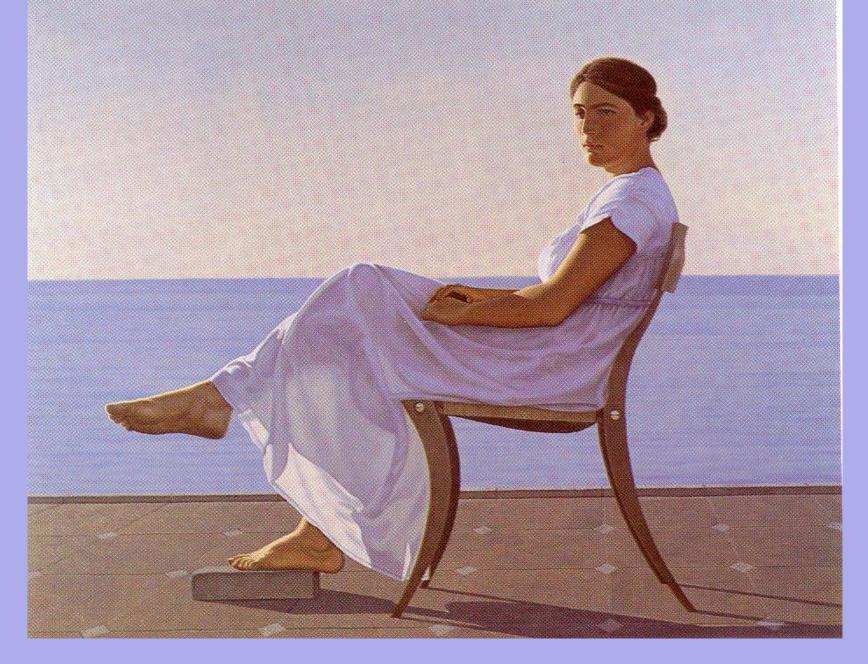


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ROBERT FAGLES

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"Penelope," David Ligare (1980)



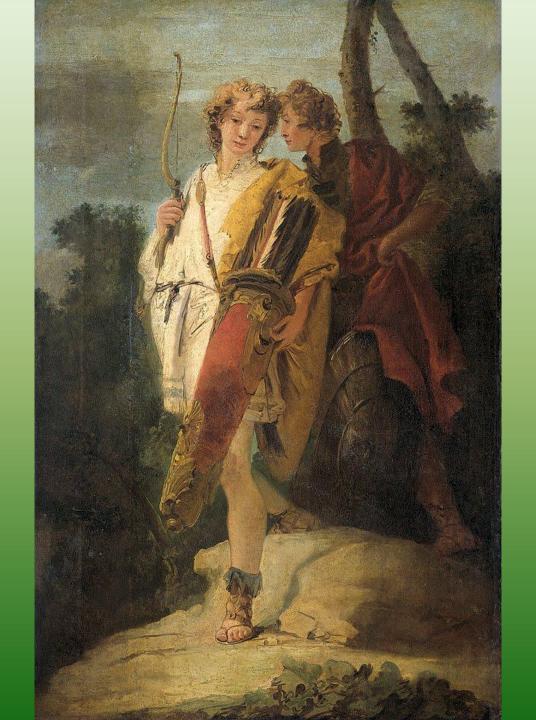
J. W. Waterhouse, "Penelope And The Suitors" (1912)

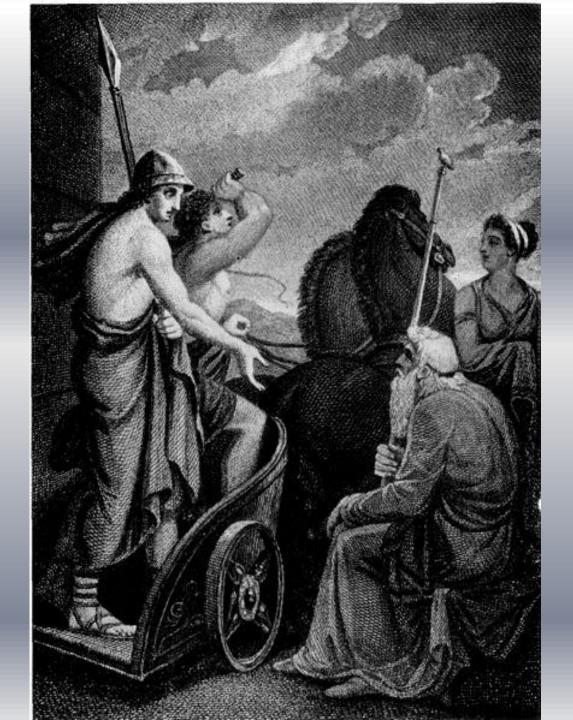
Athena

"mentors" the

young

Telemachus





Telemachus leaves King Nestor and Pylos to travel over the **Tygetes Mountains to Sparta**



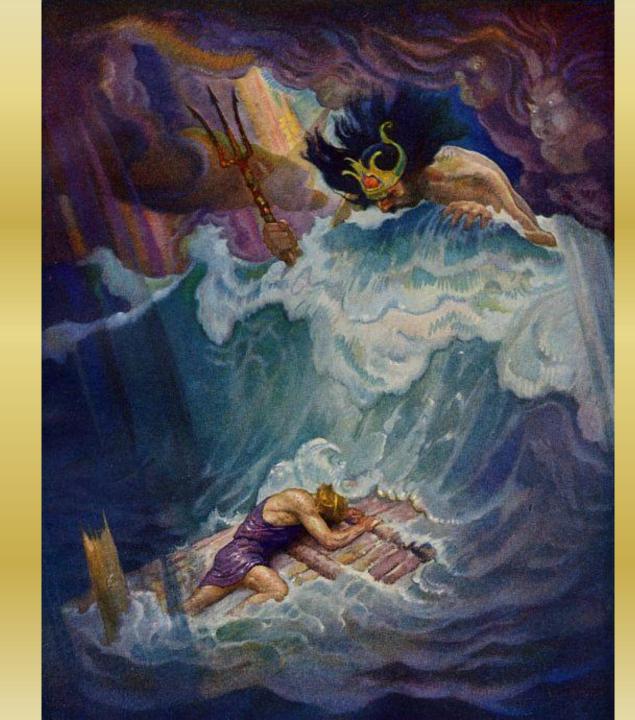
Telemachus is brought to tears in the Spartan court



Odysseus longs for home on Calypso's Isle

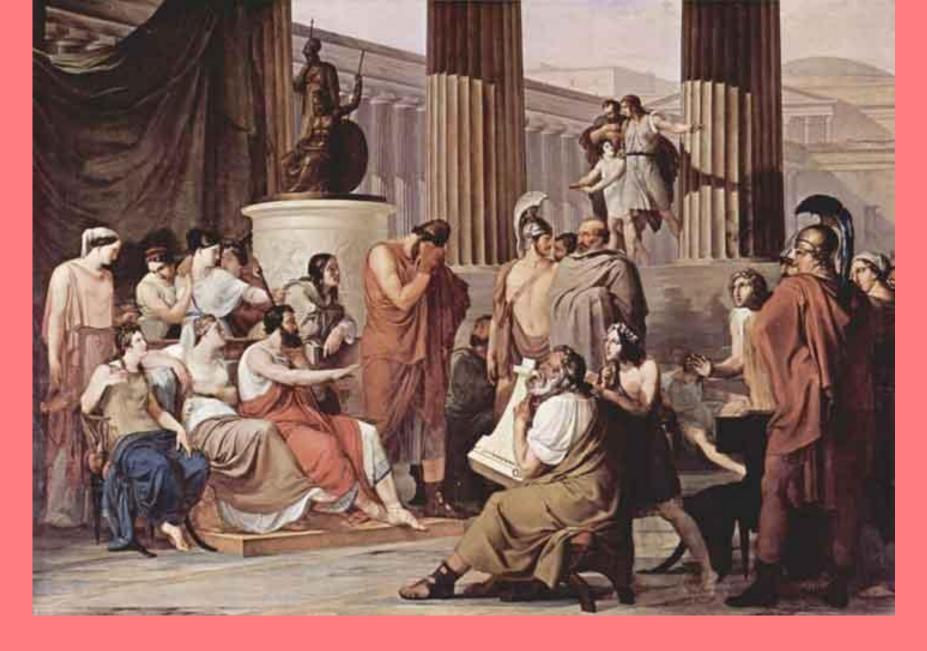
N. C. Wyeth,

"Odysseus and
Poseidon"



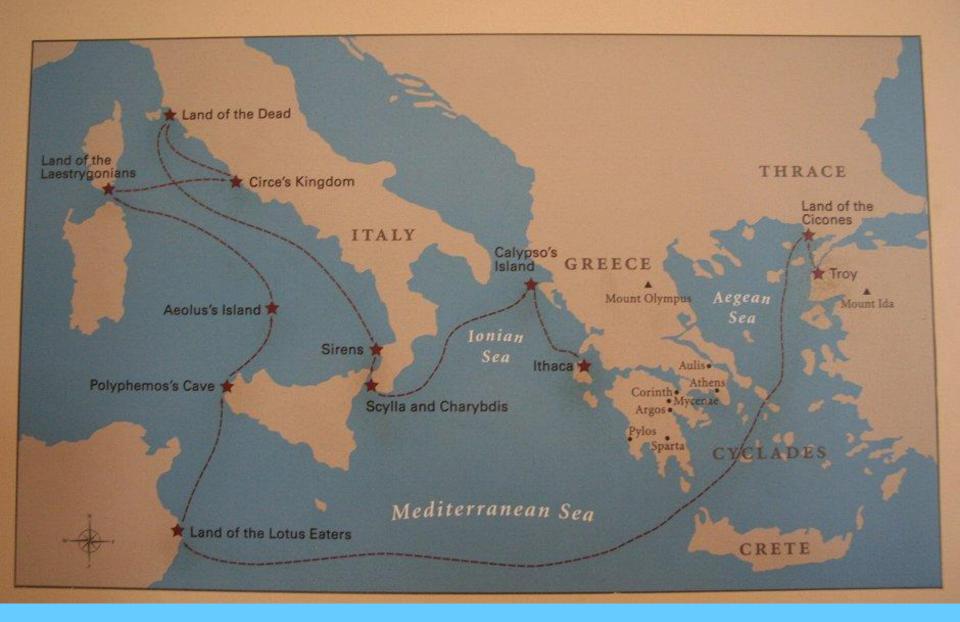


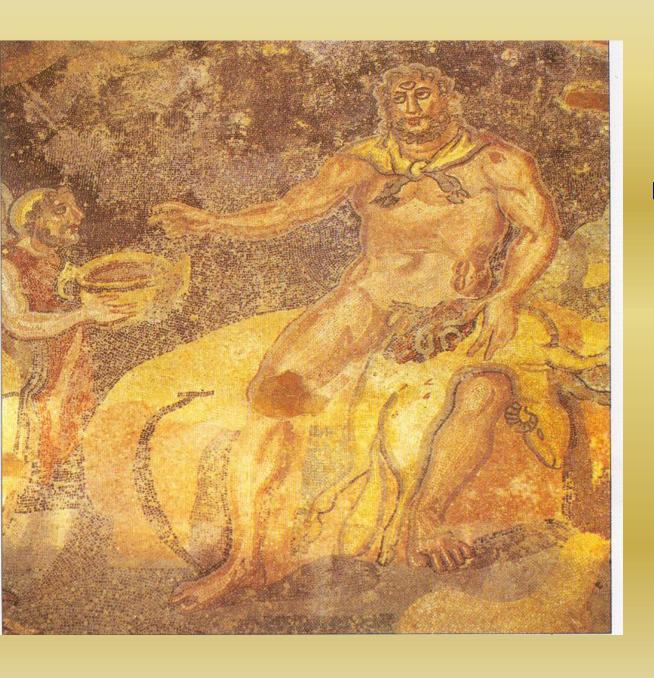
"Odysseus And Nausicaa," Peter Pietersz Lastman (1619)



Odysseus at the palace of Alcinous

—Homer, The Odyssey, 725-675 B.C.



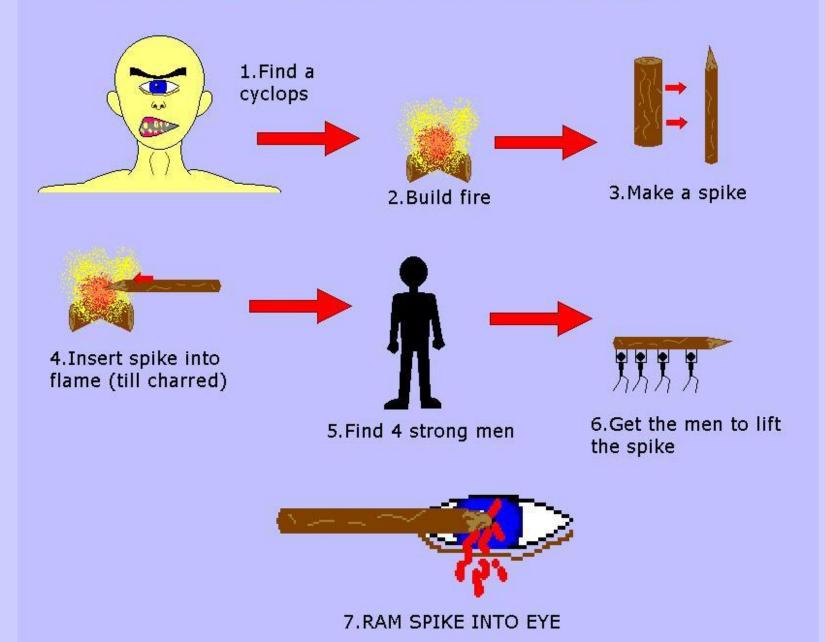


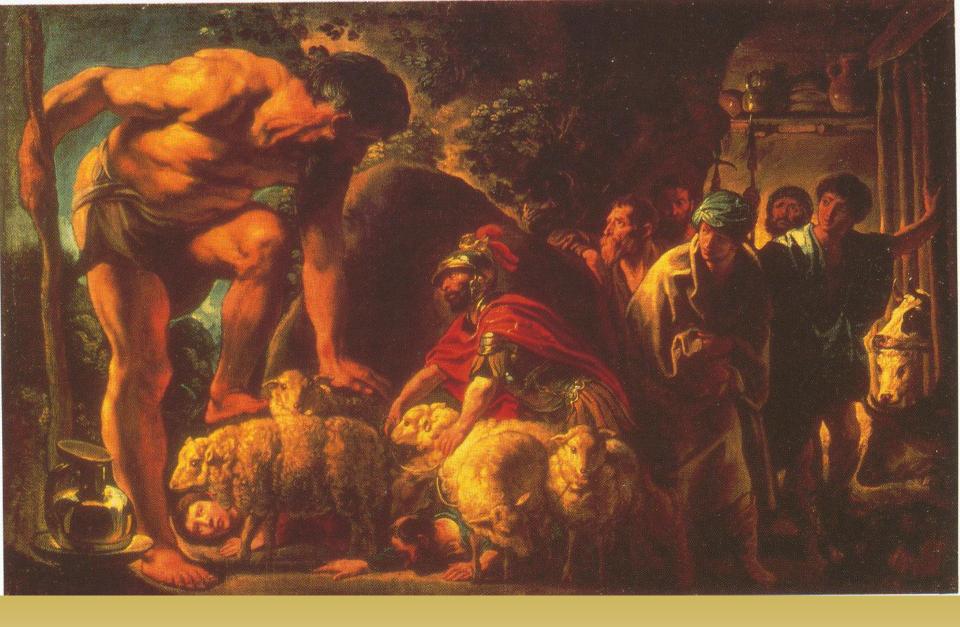
Polyphemus receives wine.

From a 4th c.

CE Roman mosaic

How to blind a cyclops





"Odysseus," Jacob Jordeans [1593-1678]
The prisoners slip through Polyphemus' grasp by hiding under his sheep



Dosso Dossi, "Circe And Her Lovers In A Landscape"

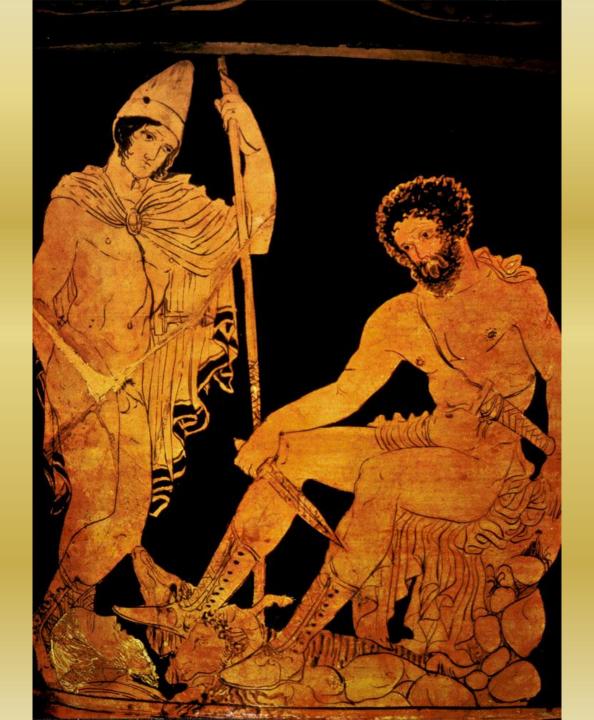
J. W. Waterhouse,

"Circe Offering The

Cup To Ulysses"

(1891)





Odysseus and
Tiresias in the
Underworld,
South Italian redfigure bowl (late
5th c. BCE)

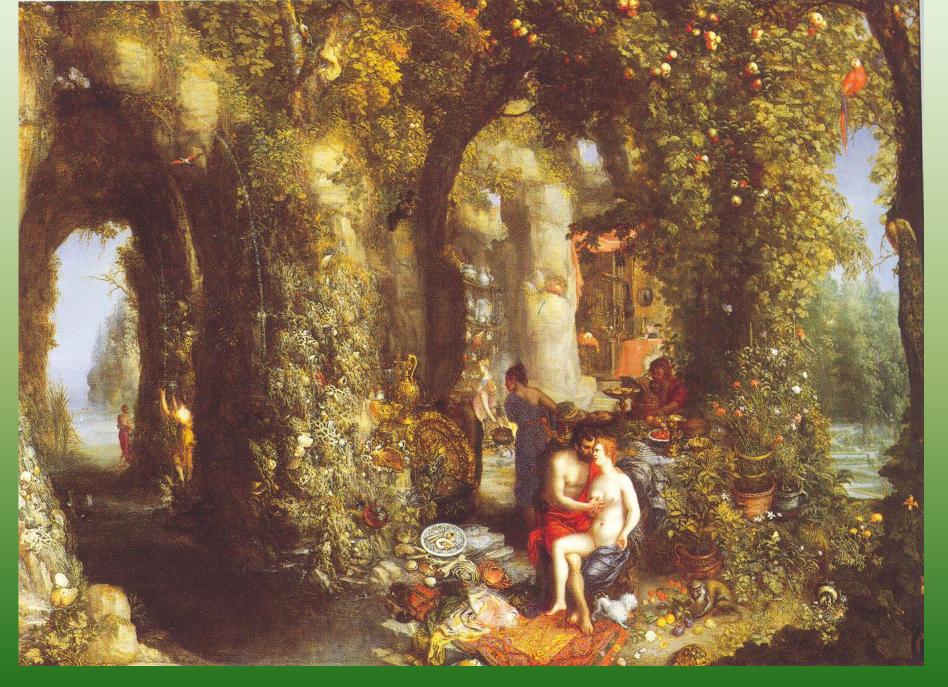


Odysseus And The Sirens

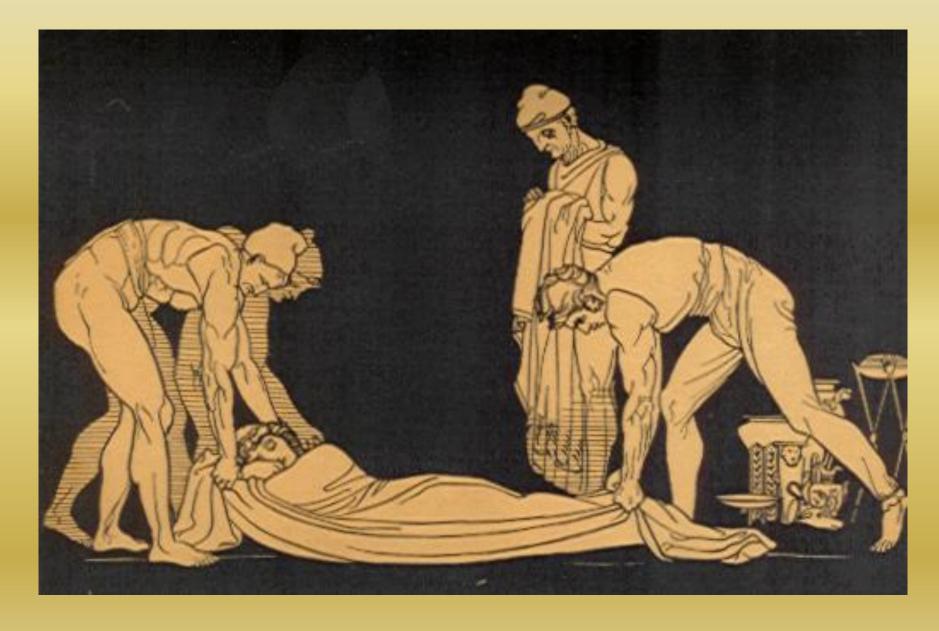




The companions of Odysseus kills the cattle of Helios

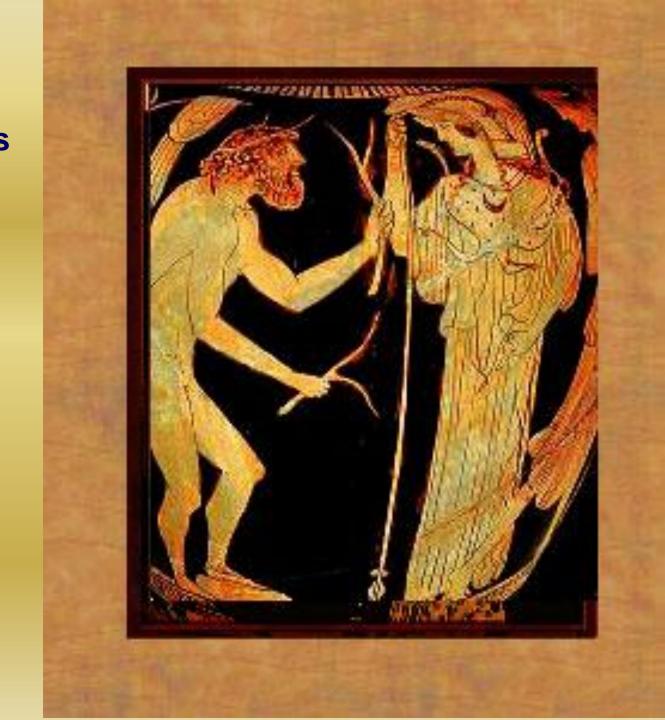


Odysseus spends seven years with Calypso



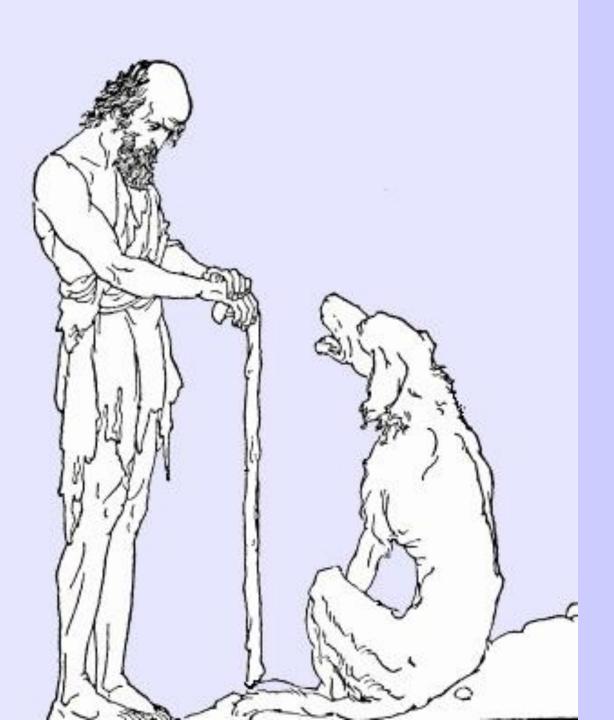
An exhausted Odysseus is returned by the Phaiacians to Ithaca

Odysseus talks
to Athena on
Ithaca



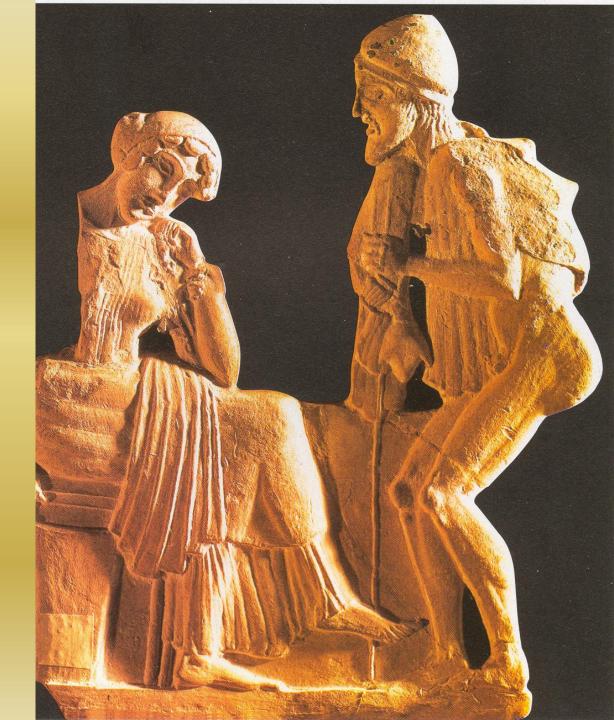


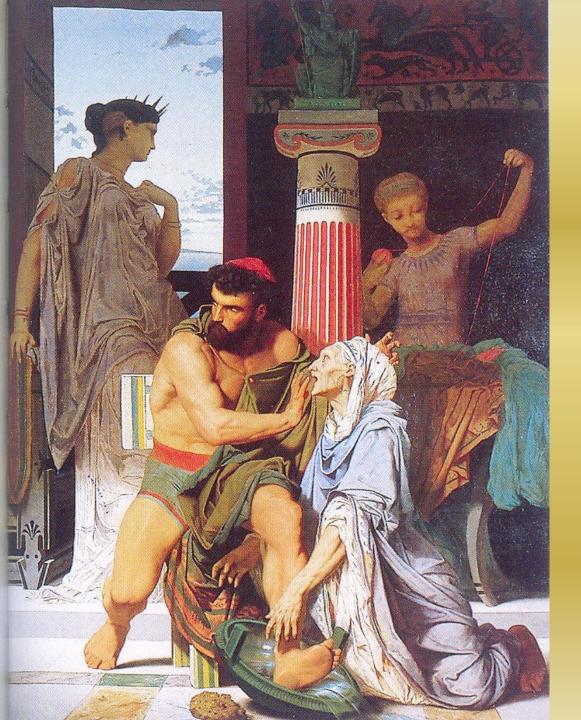
Odysseus and the loyal servant Eumaeus swap stories



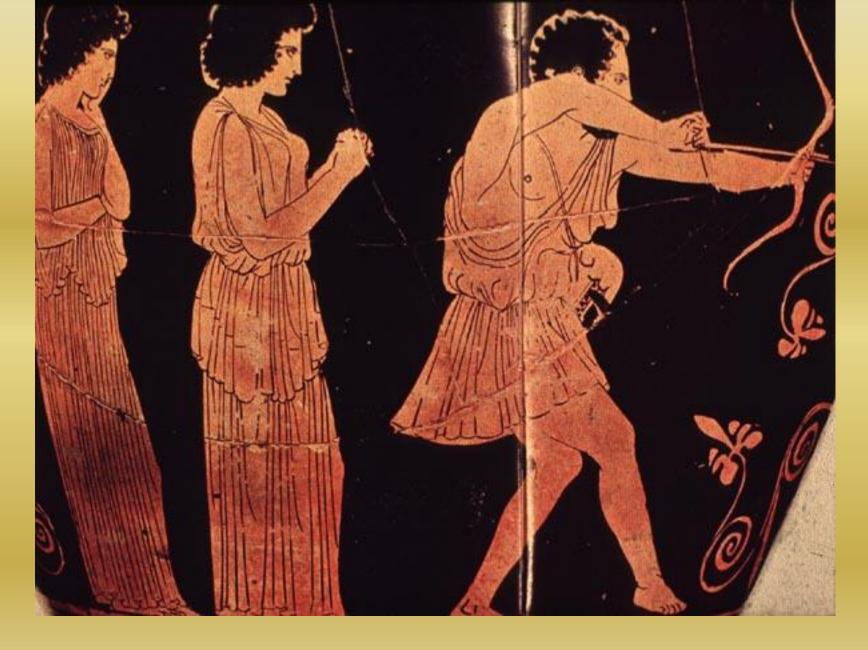
Odysseus
disguised as a
beggar meets his
aged dog Argos

Penelope
meets with
the beggar

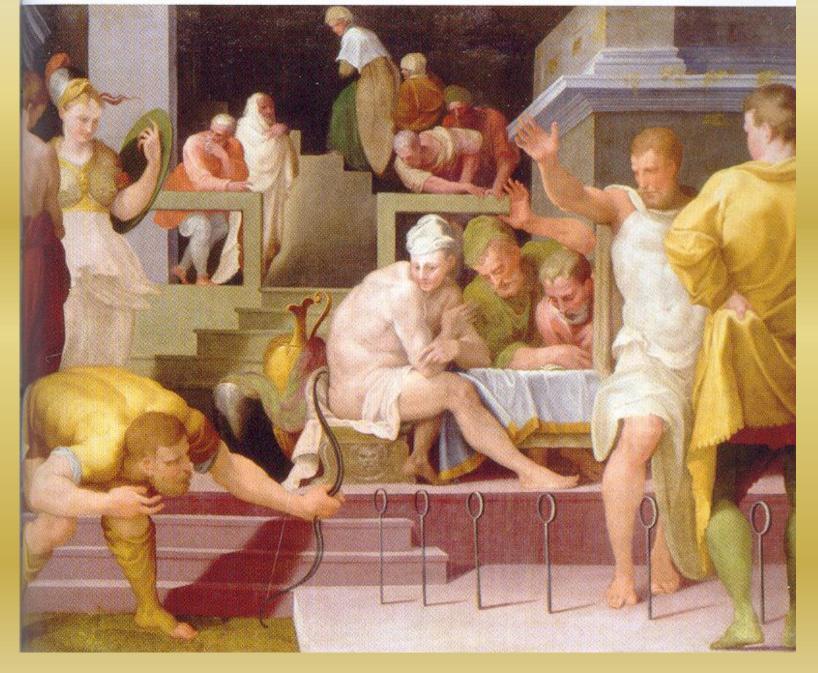




Odysseus' slave
nurse Eurykleia
recognizes an
old scar



Odysseus engages in the archery contest



Odysseus succeeds in the test



The slaughter of the suitors



The disloyal maidservants are executed



Odysseus and Penelope

THE AENEID VIRGIL

TRANSLATED BY

ROBERT FAGLES



INTRODUCTION BY BERNARD KNOX

PENGUIN CLASSICS DELUXE EDITION



AENEAS IN EARLY GREEK TRADITION

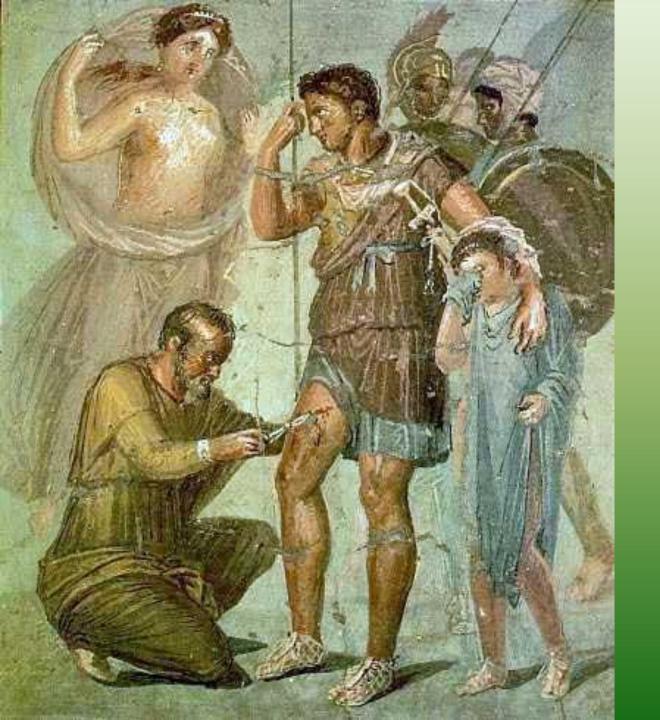
Aeneas is not a major figure in the Iliad. He does fight many times against the Greek heroes, however, and the poem hints he is being saved by the gods for a higher purpose.

According to Proklos, Aeneas departs from Troy immediately after the death of Laocoon. An alternate tradition situates his departure at the Fall of Troy.

There were various versions of his wanderings, but all showed him as moving westward.

The House of Priam ends with the Trojan War. The House of Anchises continues.

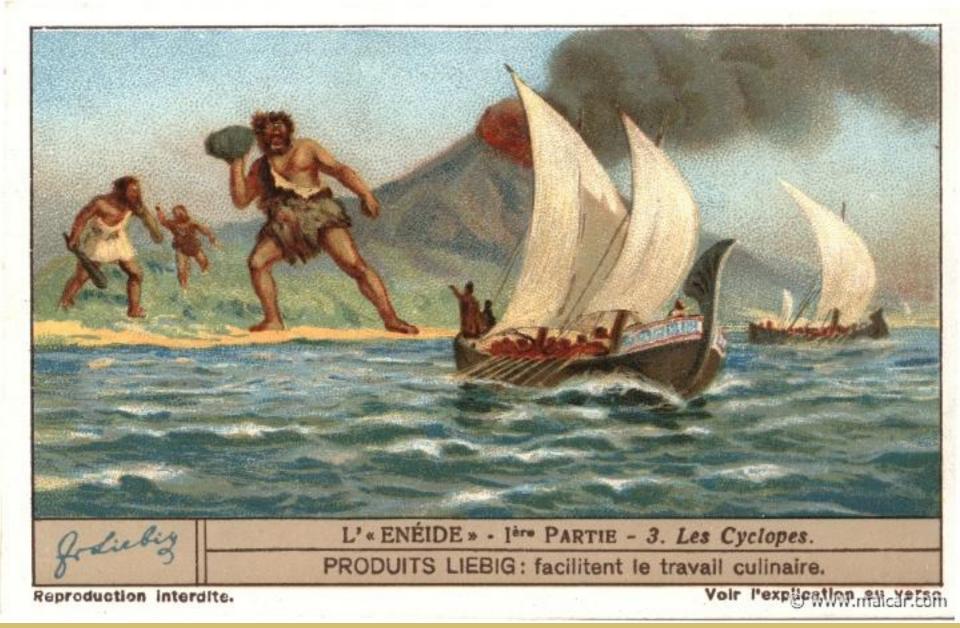
He is paired with Achilles as the son of a goddess who is denied full honours by his close rivals.



Aphrodite looks
on as the
wounds of
Aeneas receive
attention



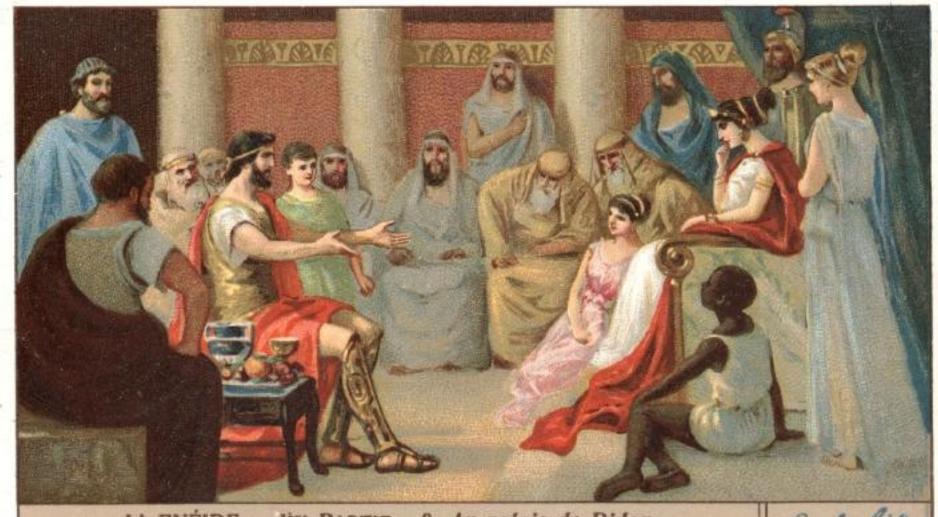
Federici Baricu, "The Flight Of Aeneas" [1598]



Aeneas and his companions visit the island of the Cyclops



Aeneas arrives at Dido's Palace in Carthage

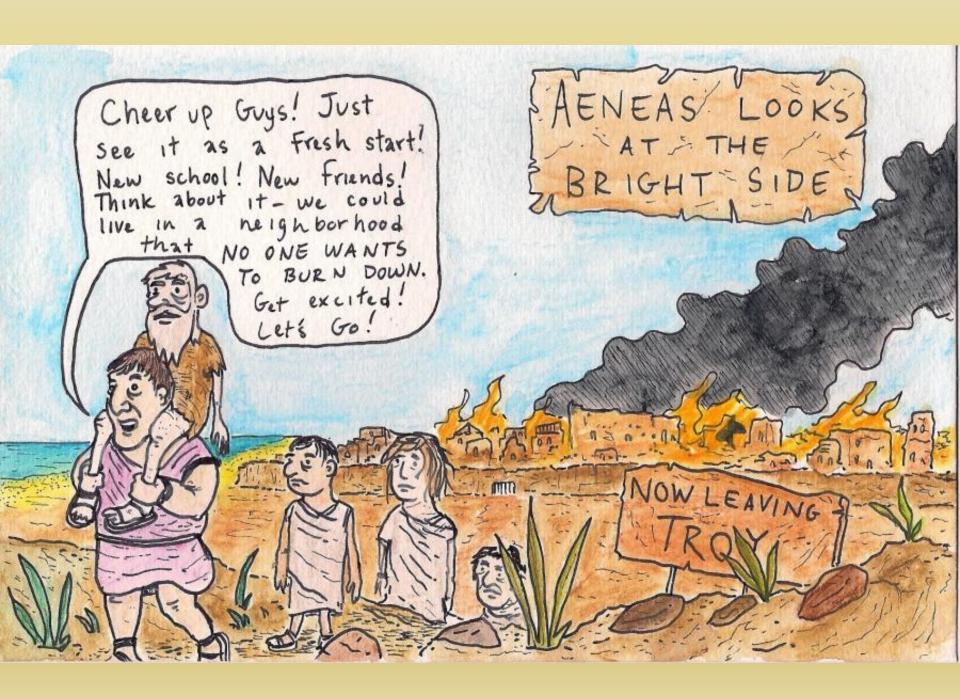


L'«ENÉIDE» - Ière PARTIE - 2. Au palais de Didon.

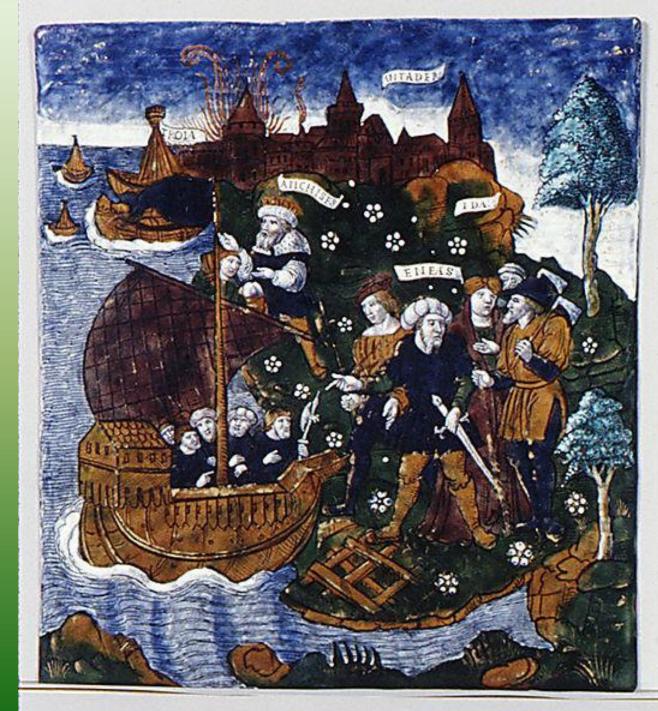
VERITABLE EXTRAIT DE VIANDE LIEBIG.

Reproduction interdite.

Voir Pexpireation ad Verson



Aeneas and his companions build a small fleet in the shadow of Mt. Ida

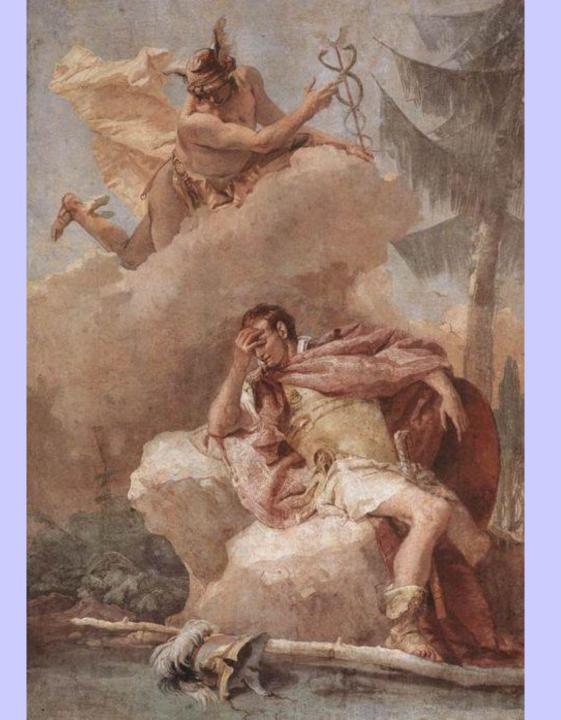






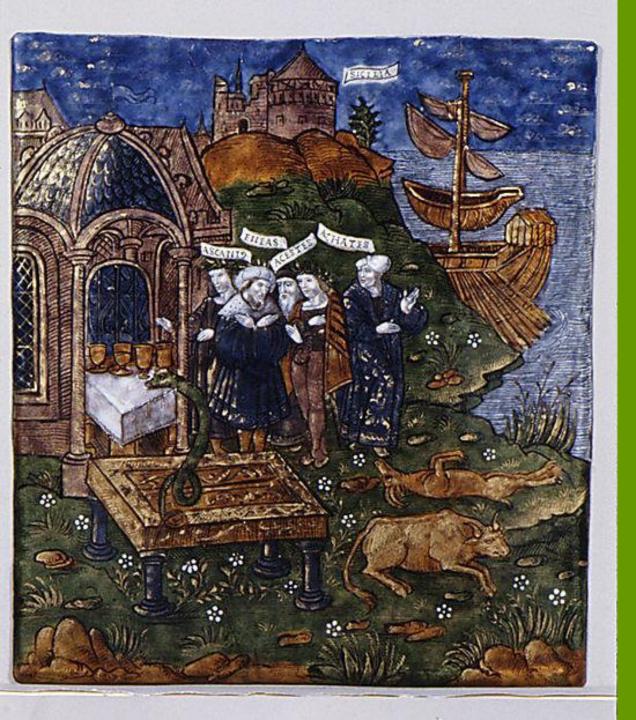
Aeneas meets
Andromache and
the seer Helenus
on the west
coast of Greece

Mercury appears
to Aeneas and
tells him he must
move on from
Carthage





The suicide of Dido



Aeneas offers
sacrifices at the
tomb of Anchises
in western Sicily



Aeneas with the Sibyl at Lake Avernos



Aeneas with the Sibyl in the Underworld, Jan Breughel The Elder (1598)



Anchises offers Aeneas a vision of Rome's glorious destiny

Aphrodite
presents Aeneas
with a new shield
before his battle
with the Latins





Aeneas about to finish off his main Latin rival Turnus

